

Youth Soccer Players' Nutrition Schedule



"Pride in the Program"



Table of Contents

| Typical Training Day Schedule | 3 |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Tournament Day Schedule | 4 |
| Day of Game Schedule | 5 |
| Overview / Summary | 6 |
| List of Suggested foods | 7 |



AN IDEAL TYPICAL NUTRITION DAY OF A YOUTH SOCCER PLAYER

INTRODUCTION

- *Young players eating a wide range of foods should not need to use dietary supplements. Players should be aware that supplements do not provide a short cut to success.
- *Carbohydrates are the key energy-providing nutrient that must be optimized during the days leading up to and including the day of competition
- *Attention should also be given to optimizing water and salt levels in the body

KEY CONSIDERATIONS

- *Diet directly affects performance
- *Every player is different and will find different foods to their individual liking
- *A healthy, balanced diet will help support consistent intensive training by providing the needed amount of energy
- *Players must be aware of what foods they should choose to eat
- *A varied diet containing everyday foods will generally provide more than enough protein
- *Maintaining hydration is important for performance and recovery

48 hours before the game day overload on carbohydrates such as pasta and beans

AVOID

Avoid any beverage that might cause dehydration (i.e. any caffeinated drinks such as coffee, cola or juice with high sugar content)

*Avoid greasy or fried foods

SAMPLE SCHEDULE FOR TYPICAL PRACTICE DAY

| Breakfast | 8:00AM | Meats, potatoes, cereal, fruits, milk, pancakes, toast, bagels, eggs | |
|---------------------|----------|---|--|
| Lunch | 12:00PM | Deli Sandwich, fruits, salads, fish, chicken, juice, water | |
| After school 3:30PM | | Fruit, sports bar, sandwich/peanut butter, cheese, cold cuts, water and juice | |
| | I 3:30PM | Fruit, sports bar, sandwich/peanut butter, cheese, cold cuts, water and juice | |
| snack | | | |
| | 5:30PM | Maintain proper hydration – water, sports drinks | |
| snack | | | |
| snack | | Maintain proper hydration – water, sports drinks | |

Baked potato or rice, grilled or baked fish, vegetables, salad, fruit water and/or juice



TOURNAMENT GAME DAY

Breakfast 7:30AM Eggs, bagels or toast, baked hash browns, Juice.

OR

Fruits, cereal, milk or yogurt

Game 9:30AM HYDRATE!

Snack At the half time: bagel or a sports bar, sports drink and water

Lunch 11:00AM Cold cut sandwich with lettuce and tomato (no mayonnaise or dressing), some

baked chips or pretzels, juices, water or sports drinks.

Game 3:30PM HYDRATE!

Snack At half time: A bagel or a sports bar, sports drink and water

Dinner ??????? Pasta, lean meat, salad, fruit, water and/or juice

OR

Baked potato or rice, grilled or baked fish, vegetables, salad, fruit water and/or juice



Breakfast 7:30AM Eggs, bagels or toast, baked hash browns, juice

OR

fruits, cereal, milk or yogurt

Lunch 12:00PM Cold cut sandwich with lettuce and tomato no mayonnaise or dressing, some

baked chips or pretzels, juices, water or sports drinks.

MAKE SURE TO HYDRATE BEFORE THE GAME

Game 3:30PM

Half time-Snack At the half time: A bagel or a sports bar, sports drink and water

After the game-Snack Liquid form of nutrients/shake

OR

A meal replacement bar

OR

Low fat chocolate milk

Dinner 7:00PM Pasta, lean meat, salad, fruit, water and/or juice

OR





Baked potato or rice, grilled or baked fish, vegetables, salad, fruit water and/or juice

Meals (general guidelines, pre / post match meals)

OVERVIEW:

- ✓ Hydrate with water, sports drinks, juices until urine is clear and odorless. Use this as a measuring stick as your body might not be used to the climate.
- ✓ Consume starchy foods to maximize the glycogen that your body can store, but don't eliminate meats, fish, poultry
- ✓ For all meals follow (one sip = one mouthful rule: You must take 1 one good sized sip of water for every mouthful during the meal)
- ✓ Avoid any beverage that might cause dehydration (any high sugar content, caffeinated beverages)
- ✓ Avoid greasy or fried foods
- ✓ Stomach must be close to empty at time of activity for optimal performance

Digestion times are as follows:

• Simple carbs : 1–2 Hours

• Complex Carbs: 2-4 Hours

• Fats: 4–6 Hours

• Protein: 6-8 Hours

Breakfast:

- Eat a minimum 3 hours prior to activity
- Eat about 600-800 calories during meal
- > Carry a water bottle and take constant sips until time for training or game
- Eat lots of Fruit, bagels, milk, juices
- Yogurts (If your stomach can handle dairy products prior to a game)
- Non-Sugary cereals are best choice
- Avoid oily meats (Sausage, bacon)

Pre Game: Lunch / Dinner

- > Drink 17-20 oz of Water 2-3 hours prior to activity & 7-10oz 10-20 min prior
- Prink early and beyond your thirst (your body is dehydrated if you feel thirsty)
- \triangleright Every 10 20min drink at least 7 10 oz
- See pg.5 for food options

Post Game: Lunch / Dinner

- Immediately after the game: (To aid in recovery)
 - 20 32 oz of water
 - 1 piece of fruit
 - 1 grainy good (i.e. bagel)
 - single serving of milk
- Within 2-3 hours after the end of the game: (To satisfy your hunger)
 - Water
 - Pancakes / waffles with lean protein source
 - Pasta with meat or poultry source
 - Non-Greasy Pizza
 - Stuffed potatoes
 - Subway sandwich



• Stay away from greasy foods



Breakdown of Food Groups:

CARBOHYDRATES:

✓ It is suggested that 55-70% of total intake of calories be from carbohydrates

PROTEIN:

✓ It is suggested that 10-15% of your total intake of calories be from proteins

FATs ✓

✓ It is suggested that 20-30% of your total intake of calories be from fats

| | Good Sources of Dietary Sources of Protein: | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Carbohydrates: | | | |
| Carbohydrates: Whole grain bread Muesli Oats Barley Whole wheat pasta Brown rice Whole wheat muffins Pita Cereals Fruit juices Potatoes Popcorn Vegetables Cereal bars | Lean cuts of red meat Fish Chicken breast Turkey breast Egg Whites Seafood Cheese Milk Legumes Nuts/Seeds Shellfish Hamburger Tuna Beefsteak Cottage cheese Yogurt, low fat Tofu Lentils, cooked Split peas, cooked Kidney beans, cooked Macaroni, cooked Soymilk Whole wheat bread White bread Rice, cooked Broccoli, cooked Baked potato Corn, cooked | Margarine Vegetable oils Salad Dressing Lard Butter Eggs Cheese Nuts Milk products Mayonnaise Gravies Dairy Products Fried Food Shortenings Cooking Oils Dressings Sauces | |